

EEEEEEEEEE	XX	XX	AAAAAA	MM	MM	PPPPPPPP	LL	EEEEEEEEEE	SSSSSSSS
EEEEEEEEEE	XX	XX	AAAAAA	MM	MM	PPPPPPPP	LL	EEEEEEEEEE	SSSSSSSS
EEEEEEEEEE	XX	XX	AAAAAA	MM	MM	PPPPPPPP	LL	EEEEEEEEEE	SSSSSSSS
EE	XX	XX	AA	AA	MMMM	PP	PP	LL	
EE	XX	XX	AA	AA	MMMM	PP	PP	LL	
EE	XX	XX	AA	AA	MMMM	PP	PP	LL	
EE			AA	AA	MM	MM	PP	PP	LL
EE	XX	XX	AA	AA	MM	MM	PP	PP	LL
EE	XX	XX	AA	AA	MM	MM	PP	PP	LL
EE	XX	XX	AA	AA	MM	MM	PP	PP	LL
EEEEEEEEEE		XX	AA	AA	MM	MM	PPPPPPPP	LL	
EEEEEEEEEE		XX	AA	AA	MM	MM	PPPPPPPP	LL	
EEEEEEEEEE		XX	AA	AA	MM	MM	PPPPPPPP	LL	
EE	XX	XX	AAAAAAAAAA	MM	MM	PP		LL	
EE	XX	XX	AAAAAAAAAA	MM	MM	PP		LL	
EE	XX	XX	AAAAAAAAAA	MM	MM	PP		LL	
EE			AA	AA	MM	MM	PP	PP	LL
EE	XX	XX	AA	AA	MM	MM	PP	PP	LL
EE	XX	XX	AA	AA	MM	MM	PP	PP	LL
EE	XX	XX	AA	AA	MM	MM	PP	PP	LL
EEEEEEEEEE	XX	XX	AA	AA	MM	MM	PP	LLLLLLLLLL	
EEEEEEEEEE	XX	XX	AA	AA	MM	MM	PP	LLLLLLLLLL	
EEEEEEEEEE	XX	XX	AA	AA	MM	MM	PP	LLLLLLLLLL	

```
LL      PPPPPPP  AAAAAA  TTTTTTTTTT  EEEEEEEEE  SSSSSSSS  TTTTTTTTTT
LL      PPPPPPP  AAAAAA  TTTTTTTTTT  EEEEEEEEE  SSSSSSSS  TTTTTTTTTT
LL      PP      PP  AA      AA  TT      TT      EE      SS      TT      TT
LL      PP      PP  AA      AA  TT      TT      EE      SS      TT      TT
LL      PP      PP  AA      AA  TT      TT      EE      SS      TT      TT
LL      PP      PP  AA      AA  TT      TT      EE      SS      TT      TT
LL      PPPPPPP  AA      AA  TT      TT      EEEEEEE  SSSSSS  TT      TT
LL      PPPPPPP  AA      AA  TT      TT      EEEEEEE  SSSSSS  TT      TT
LL      PP      AAAAAAAAAA  TT      TT      EE      SS      TT      TT
LL      PP      AAAAAAAAAA  TT      TT      EE      SS      TT      TT
LL      PP      AA      AA  TT      TT      EE      SS      TT      TT
LL      PP      AA      AA  TT      TT      EE      SS      TT      TT
LLLLLLLLLL  PP      AA      AA  TT      TT      EEEEEEEEE  SSSSSSSS  TT      TT
LLLLLLLLLL  PP      AA      AA  TT      TT      EEEEEEEEE  SSSSSSSS  TT      TT
                                         ....
                                         ....
                                         ....
                                         ....
```

```
FFFFFFFFFF  000000  RRRRRRRR
FFFFFFFFFF  000000  RRRRRRRR
FF          00      00  RR      RR
FF          00      00  RR      RR
FF          00      00  RR      RR
FF          00      00  RR      RR
FFFFFFFFFF  00      00  RRRRRRRR
FFFFFFFFFF  00      00  RRRRRRRR
FF          00      00  RR      RR
FF          00      00  RR      RR
FF          00      00  RR      RR
FF          00      00  RR      RR
FF          00      00  RR      RR
FF          000000  RR      RR
FF          000000  RR      RR
```

Version 'V04-000'

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Example program for LPA11-K Lab Peripheral Controller

#### L P A 1 1 - K T E S T P R O G R A M

This program prompts FOR\$INPUT for the set of LPA11-K sample parameters  
and starts an LPA11-K sweep using those parameters.

11-Aug-1979

```
integer*2 buffer(20000),rcl(100),iosb(4),device,l
integer*4 ibuf(50),istat,bufnum,rate,preset,dwell,sampls
integer*4 strtch,chninc,bffrs,mode,delay,bufsiz,share
integer*4 input,output,number,comput,rclsiz
dimension fr(7)
common /ladata/buffer
equivalence (iosb(1),ibuf(1))
```

Set some initial default values for sampling paramaters

Array FR is used to index clock crystal rate for KW11-K

```
fr(1)=1000000.
fr(2)=100000.
fr(3)=10000.
fr(4)=1000.
fr(5)=100.
fr(7)=60.
```

Define terminal input and output channels



```
c
      input=5
      output=6
c
c These are default initial values for interactive paramaters
c
      nmode=-1234      ! microcode mode - load new microcode first time
      rate=1           ! clock counter rate - 1MHz
      preset=-200      ! clock counter preset - 200 ticks
      dwell=1          ! dwell - delay time within each sample sequence
      sampls=1         ! number of samples in a sample sequence
      strch=0          ! start channel number
      chninc=1         ! channel increment - if zero then random channel list
      bufsiz=1000      ! size of each data buffer
      number=2         ! number of data buffers to use
      bffrs=100        ! total number of buffers to fill
      mode=64          ! sample mode
      delay=10         ! delay before first sample
      device=2hAD      ! sample device type - AD
      comput=0         ! compute load for each buffer
      rclsiz=100       ! size of random channel list
c
c
c Prompt and input SHARE flag
c If share flag is non-zero, the micro-code will not be loaded
c This allows additional copies of this program to be run when the
c LPA11-K is in Multi-Request Mode. I.E., the first copy of this
c program would be run with the SHARE flag set to 0, causing the clock
c rate to be set, the second and later copies of the program would be
c run with the SHARE flag non-zero, using the previous clock rate set.
c
      write(output,2121)
2121  format(' Share Flag?', $)
      read(input,1002,err=500,err=500)n,share
c
c Prompt for and read in sample paramaters interactively
c
c
c      C L O C K   C R Y S T A L   R A T E
c
10    write(output,1000)rate
1000  format('// clock rate (' ,i1,'):', $)
      read(input,1002,err=500,err=500)n,k
1002  format(q,i6)
      if (n .gt. 0 .and. k .lt. 0)goto 24
      if (n .gt. 0 .and. k .ge. 0 .and. k .le. 7)rate=k
c
c      C L O C K   C O U N T E R   P R E S E T
c
      write(output,1004)preset
1004  format(' clock preset: (' ,i6,'):', $)
      read(input,1002,err=500,err=500)n,k
      if(n .gt. 0 .and. k .lt. 0)preset=k
c
      if (rate .eq. 6 .or. rate .eq. 0)goto 12
      freq=fr(rate)/-preset
```

```
3000 write(output,3000)freq
      format('          clock frquency is ',f12.3,' hertz')
c
c COMPUTE LOAD PER BUFFER
c
12 write(output,1005)comput
1005 format(' compute load (' ,i6,'):',$)
      read(input,1002,err=500,end=500)n,k
      if(n .gt. 0 .and. k .ge. 0)comput=k
c
c DWELL
c
1006 write(output,1006)dwll
      format(' dwell (' ,i6,'):',$)
      read(input,1002,err=500,end=500)n,k
      if(n .gt. 0) dwll = k
c
c NUMBER OF SAMPLES per SAMPLE SEQUENCE
c
1008 write(output,1008)sampls
      format(' number of samples (' ,i6,'):',$)
      read(input,1002,err=500,end=500)n,k
      if(n .gt. 0) sampls=k
c
c START CHANNEL
c
1010 write(output,1010)strtch
      format(' start channel (' ,i3,'):',$)
      read(input,1002,err=500,end=500)n,k
      if(n .gt. 0 .and. k .ge. 0 .and. k .le. 128)strtch=k
c
c CHANNEL INCREMENT
c
1012 write(output,1012)chninc
      format(' channel increment (' ,i3,'):',$)
      read(input,1002,err=500,end=500)n,k
      if(n .gt. 0)chninc=k
      if(chninc .ne. 0)goto 20
c
c RANDOM CHANNEL LIST SIZE
c
1011 write(output,1011)rclsiz
      format(' rcl length (' ,i3,'):',$)
      read(input,1002,err=500,end=500)n,k
      if(n .gt. 0 .and. k .gt. 0 .and. k .le. 100)rclsiz=k
      do 18 ij=1,rclsiz
      rcl(ij)=0
      ik=ij
18 continue
      rcl(ik)=rcl(ik)+'8000'x
c
c NUMBER OF BUFFER AREAS
c
20 write(output,1013)number
1013 format(' number of buffer areas (' ,i1,'):',$)
      read(input,1002,err=500,end=500)n,k
```

```
      if(n .gt. 0 .and. k .ge. 2 .and. k .le. 8)number=k
c
c      SIZE OF EACH BUFFER
c
1015  write(output,1015)bufsiz
      format(' buffer size (' ,i5,'):',$)
      read(input,1002,err=500,end=500)n,k
      if(n .gt. 0 .and. k .ge. 10 .and. k*number .le. 20000)bufsiz=k
c
c      TOTAL BUFFERS TO FILL
c
1014  write(output,1014)bffrs
      format(' total buffers to fill (' ,i6,'):',$)
      read(input,1002,err=500,end=500)n,k
      if(n .gt. 0)bffrs=k
c
c      DELAY BEFORE SAMPLE START
c
1016  write(output,1016)delay
      format(' delay (' ,i6,'):',$)
      read(input,1002,err=500,end=500)n,k
      if(n .gt. 0)delay=k
c
c      SAMPLE MODE
c
c      Some typical values for the sample mode are:
c
c      0 - Dedicated Mode
c      64 - Multi-request Mode
c      512 - External Trigger
c      8192 - Dual A/D converters - Serial
c      8224 - Dual A/D converters - Parallel
c
1018  write(output,1018)mode
      format(' sample mode (' ,i6,'):',$)
      read(input,1002,err=500,end=500)n,k
      if(n .gt. 0)mode=k
c
c      DEVICE TYPE
c
1020  write(output,1020)device
      format(' device type (' ,i2,'):',$)
      read(input,1022)n,l
1022  format(q,1a2)
      if(n .le. 0)go to 24
      if(l .eq. 2hAD .or. l .eq. 2hDA .or. l .eq. 2hDI .or. l .eq.
1 2hDO)device=l
c
c      Determine microcode mode from sample mode and device type
c      Load new microcode if microcode mode has changed
c
24    if(share .ne. 0)goto 16
      imode=1
      if(iand(mode,64) .eq. 0)imode=2
      if(device .eq. 2hDA .and. imode .eq. 2)imode=3
      if(imode .eq. nmode)go to 16
```



```
      call lpa$loadmc(imode,0,istat)
      if(.not. istat)go to 510
      nmode=imode
c
c
c Start lpa11 real time clock at specified rate and preset
c
16      call lpa$clocka(rate,preset,istat)
      if(.not. istat)go to 520
c
c
c Initialize ibuf array for sweep
c
      call ibfint(ibuf,istat,buffer,bufsiz,number)
      if(.not. istat)go to 530
c
c
c Release all the buffers
c
      do 40 i1=0,number-1
      call lpa$rlsbuf(ibuf,istat,i1)
      if(.not. istat)go to 540
40      continue
c
c
c Set channel information for sweeps
c
      if(chninc .ne. 0)call lpa$setadc(ibuf,,strtch,sampls,chninc)
      if(chninc .eq. 0)call lpa$setadc(ibuf,,rcl,sampls,0)
c
c
c Start the sweeps - conditional on what device requested
c
      if(device .eq. 2hAD)call lpa$adswp(ibuf,bufsiz,bffrs,
1 mode,dwell,,delay,,,istat)
c
      if(device .eq. 2hDA)call lpa$daswp(ibuf,bufsiz,bffrs,
1 mode,dwell,,delay,,,istat)
c
      if(device .eq. 2hDI)call lpa$diswp(ibuf,bufsiz,bffrs,
1 mode,dwell,,delay,,,istat)
c
      if(device .eq. 2hDO)call lpa$doswp(ibuf,bufsiz,bffrs,
1 mode,dwell,,delay,,,istat)
c
      if(.not. istat)go to 550
c
c
c Wait for a buffer to be processed
c
50      bufnum = lpa$iwrtbuf(ibuf)
      if(bufnum .lt. 0)go to 100
c
c      *** process data here ***
c
c Go compute bound for some time determined by COMPUT paramater
```

```
c
      do 60 ij=1,comput
      a=sin(ik/5000.)
60    continue
c
c
c Release buffer to be used again
c
      call lpa$rlsbuf(ibuf,istat,bufnum)
      if(.not. istat)go to 540
      go to 50
c
c
c Check for successful completion or error
c
100   if(.not. iosb(1))go to 560
      go to 10
c
c
c Various error returns
c
500   call exit
c
510   write(output,2000)istat
2000  format(' error loading microcode ',i6)
999   nmode=-1234
      goto 10
c
c
520   write(output,2010)istat
2010  format(' error starting real time clock ',i6)
      goto 999
c
530   write(output,2020)istat
2020  format(' error during "setibf" call ',i6)
      goto 999
c
540   write(output,2030)istat
2030  format(' error from "rlsbuf" ',i6)
      goto 999
c
550   write(output,2040)device,istat
2040  format(' error starting ',1a2,' sweep ',i6)
      goto 999
c
560   itemp=iand(iosb(3),'ff00'x)/256
      write(output,2050)iosb(1),itemp
2050  format(' LPA error - VMS status ',i6,'(D), LPA status ',o3,'(O)')
      goto 999
c
      end
c
c
c Subroutine IBFINT(IBUF,ISTAT,BUFFER,BUFSIZ,NUMBER)
c
```



```
c      IBUF - impure data array for sweeps
c      ISTAT - return status
c      BUFFER - data buffer array
c      BUFSIZ - size of each data buffer
c      NUMBER - number of buffer areas to initialize
c
c      IBFINT takes a buffer area, a buffer size and divides it into
c      the specified number of individual data buffers.
c
c      subroutine ibfint(ibuf,istat,,buffer,bufsiz,number)
c      integer*4 bufsiz,number
c      integer*2 buffer(bufsiz,0:number-1)
c      go to (4,4,6,8,10,14,16,18)number
c
c 4      call lpa$setibf(ibuf,istat,,buffer(1,0),buffer(1,1))
c      return
c
c 6      call lpa$setibf(ibuf,istat,,buffer(1,0),buffer(1,1),
c      1 buffer(1,2))
c      return
c
c 8      call lpa$setibf(ibuf,istat,,buffer(1,0),buffer(1,1),
c      1 buffer(1,2),buffer(1,3))
c      return
c
c 10     call lpa$setibf(ibuf,istat,,buffer(1,0),buffer(1,1),
c      1 buffer(1,2),buffer(1,3),buffer(1,4))
c      return
c
c 14     call lpa$setibf(ibuf,istat,,buffer(1,0),buffer(1,1),
c      1 buffer(1,2),buffer(1,3),buffer(1,4),buffer(1,5))
c      return
c
c 16     call lpa$setibf(ibuf,istat,,buffer(1,0),buffer(1,1),
c      1 buffer(1,2),buffer(1,3),buffer(1,4),buffer(1,5),
c      2 buffer(1,6))
c      return
c
c 18     call lpa$setibf(ibuf,istat,,buffer(1,0),buffer(1,1),
c      1 buffer(1,2),buffer(1,3),buffer(1,4),buffer(1,5),
c      2 buffer(1,6),buffer(1,7))
c      return
c      end
```



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